

HOW TO MEASURE FOR

TributeNight™ Arm Garments

①

Mark the length reference points from where you would like the garment to start and end at the determined positions directly on your patient's skin using a water-based marker.

②

Measure the circumferences in centimeters at those same marked reference points and record the measurements on the left side of the diagram on your Order Form. *(See details below.)*

③

Measure the length at each marked reference point, and record the measurements on the right side of the diagram on your Order Form. *(See details below.)*

We recommend patients be in a relaxed, supine (laying down) position.

Answers to Frequently Asked Questions

- ⌘ In extreme presentations, measure the lobules, breast and/or pannus in a supported position.
- ⌘ When skin folds are present, measure the smallest and largest circumferences.
- ⌘ Contact our Custom Design Center to send photos or illustrations to further explain patient presentations.
- ⌘ With patients who fluctuate frequently, please feel free to add a circumference range.

Circumferences

Left side of diagram

- A^c** Measure the finger circumference at the determined **A** position (fingertips).
- B^c** Measure the circumference at the determined **B** position (MCP).
- C^c** Measure the circumference at the determined **C** position (wrist crease/zero position).
- D^c** Measure the circumference at the determined **D** position (largest circumference of the forearm).
- E^c** With the elbow in slight 10° to 20° flexion, measure the circumference at the determined **E** position.
- F^c** Measure the circumference at the determined **F** position (largest circumference at the upper arm).
- G^c** Measure the circumference at the determined **G** position (axilla).
- H^c** Measure the diagonal circumference beginning at **H** position (AC joint) diagonally across the chest and under the opposing **G** position (axilla) diagonally back up to **H** position (AC joint).

Lengths

Right side of diagram

- A^L** With the palm up, measure the length from **B** (MCP) to **A** (fingertip of middle finger/distal end of garment).
- B^{L1}** With the palm up, measure the length from **C** (wrist crease/zero position) to **B^{L1}** (MCP of the middle finger).
- B^{L2}** Optional: With the palm up, measure the length from **C** (wrist crease/zero position) to **B** (thumb web space).
- C^L** Zero (0) position. No measurement needed.
- D^L** Measure the length from **C** (wrist crease/zero position) to **D** (largest circumference of the forearm).
- E^L** With the elbow in slight 10–20° flexion, measure the length from **C** (wrist crease/zero position) to **E** (elbow crease).
- F^L** Measure the length from **C** (wrist crease/zero position) to **F** (largest circumference at the upper arm).
- G^L** Measure the length from **C** (wrist crease/zero position) to **G** (axilla). *A pencil can be placed in the armpit as a visual guide.*
- H^L** Measure the length from the lateral **G** (axilla) to **H** (AC joint).
- I^L** Measure the length from **H** (AC joint) to **I** (high point shoulder/base of neck).